CISCHWEINFIA DRESSLER & N.H. WILLIAMS

Some epithets in Cischweinfia seem strangely out of touch with current reality. When the genus was first recognized as distinct (Dressler & N.H. Williams 1970), it was made up of species that had been assigned to other genera. Cischweinfia pusilla (C. Schweinf.) Dressler & N.H. Williams received its specific epithet as Aspasia pusilla C. Schweinf., where it was much the smallest species known. Cischweinfia parva (C. Schweinf.) Dressler & N.H. Williams similarly had been described as Miltonia parva C. Schweinf. In Cischweinfia, however, C. parva is currently one of the largest-flowered species, while C. pusilla is about average. The species described here is one of the smallest, though only a bit smaller than C. suarezii Dodson.

Cischweinfia nana Dressler, sp. nov. Type: Panama. Chiriquí: Camp Hornito, Fortuna dam site, 82°10′W, 8°44′N, elev. 1000–1200 m; 17 Sept. 1977; epiphyte; sepals and petals brown with green tips, fading to red-brown and pale yellow; lip cream; *R.L. Dressler 5700* (Holotype, MO; Isotype, PMA).

FIGURE 1A-C.

Herbae epiphyticae, pseudobulbis ovato-ellipticis, compressus, apice monophyllis; foliis oblanceolato-ellipticis, acutis vel apiculatis; pedunculo brevi, 2–4 floribus; sepalis oblongo-lanceolatis; petalis lanceolato-oblongis, acutis; labello rhombico-ovato, inferne bicalloso, obtuso, callis oblongis; columna breve, clinandrio breve cucullato.

Epiphytic, caespitose, pseudobulbs ovate-elliptic, compressed, $10-13 \times 3-4$ mm, with 3 or

4 sheathing leaves and 1 terminal leaf; sheaths 10-15 mm long, blades oblanceolate-elliptic, acute-apiculate, 13-55 × 4-4.8 mm; inflorescences lateral, 15-17 mm long, peduncle 10-12 mm, with 2-4 successive flowers; floral bracts triangular, conduplicate, carinate, acute, $3-5 \times$ 2.5-3 mm; sepals and petals brown with green apices, fading to red-brown and pale yellow, lip cream; sepals narrowly oblong or lanceolate, obtuse or acute, $5-6 \times 1-1.8$ mm, lateral sepals carinate; petals lance-oblong, acute $4.8-5 \times 1.2-$ 1.4 mm; lip broadly unguiculate for ca. 1 mm, blade rhombic-ovate, obtuse, minutely apiculate, 5×4 mm, callus of 2 rounded ridges below middle, ca. 0.8×0.6 –0.7 mm; column ca. 2.5mm long, the clinandrium short cucullate, with denticulate-fimbriate margins; capsule ellipsoid, winged, ca. 12×8 mm.

Cischeinfia nana is distinguished by the rhombic lip and the small size of the plant and flowers, hence the epithet nana, or dwarf.

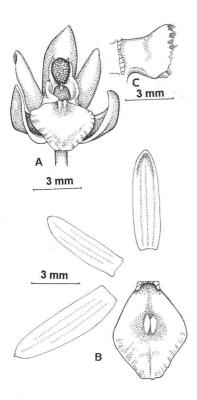


FIGURE 1. New species of *Cischweinfia* and *Oncidium*. A–C. *Cischweinfia nana*. A. Flower. B. Perianth, spread. C. Column lateral view. D–F. *Oncidium allenii*. D. Perianth, spread. E. Column, lateral view. F. Column, ventral view. G–I. *Oncidium punctulatum*. G. Perianth, spread. H. Column, lateral view. I. Column, ventral view. A–C, based on *R.L. Dressler 5700*, flowers in alcohol; D–F, based on *P.H. Allen 2923*; G–I, based on *R.L. Dressler 6274*.